Land Cover and Manning's n Values

Workshop

1 Objective

In this workshop, you will learn how to import land cover data and create vector classification polygons to replace important areas. You will then learn how to assign Manning's n values based on the land cover classification.

2 Background

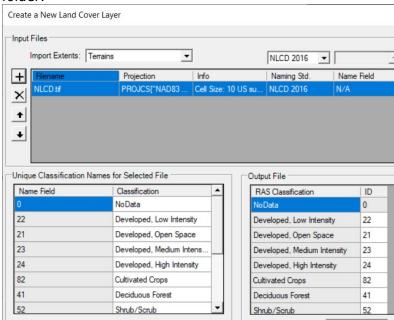
You will be working with data for a section of the White River at Muncie, IN.

3 Create a Land Cover Layer

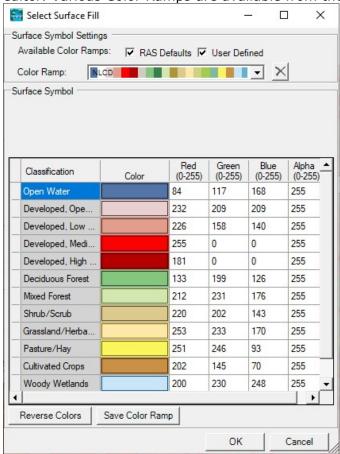
This task will take you through the process of importing a NLCD dataset. The NLCD 2016 dataset was downloaded and has been clipped to the study area.

3.1 Import the NLCD Dataset

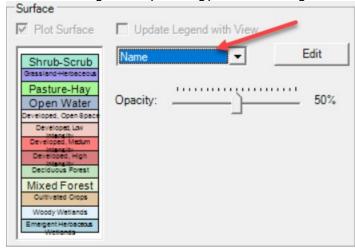
- 1. Start HEC-RAS and **open** the "**LC_ManningsN**" project.
- 2. Open RAS Mapper
- 3. Select the Project | Create a New RAS Layer | Land Cover Layer
- 4. Using the add file button, select the "**NLCD.tif**" stored in the GISData folder.



- 5. Inspect the import options.
- 6. Press the **Create** button.
- 7. Access the **Layer Properties** by double clicking LandCover under **Map Layers** in the layer tree. Change the symbology to the default **NLCD** color ramp. You can open the menu by clicking **Edit** in the **Surface** section of the editor. Various Color Ramps are available from the dropdown.



8. You can change the symbology labels through the interface as well.



3.2 Provide Manning's n Values

- 9. Right-click on the Land Cover Layer and choose **Edit Land Covery Layer Data Table.**
- 10. Provide n values in the **ManningsN** column.
- 11. Click **OK** when finished.

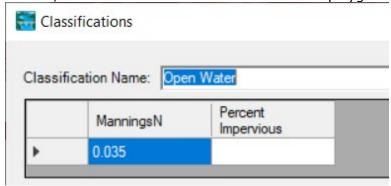
3.3 Create Classification Polygons

Classification polygons are used to add a new land cover description or to replace an area with a new classification.

12. Start Editing the Land Cover Layer



- 13. Expand the Land Cover node to select Classification Polygons.
- 14. Draw polygons (select drawing tool) for where water should be and/or other interesting features. Once you finish a polygon, the Classifications window will pop up.
 - a. Provide/select a **Classification Name** for each polygon.



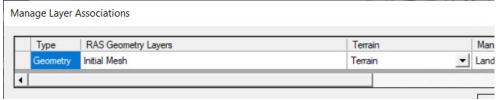
15. **Stop Editing** when finished.

4 Associate the Land Cover Layer

16. **Right-click** on the **Geometries** node and choose **Manage Geometry Associations.**



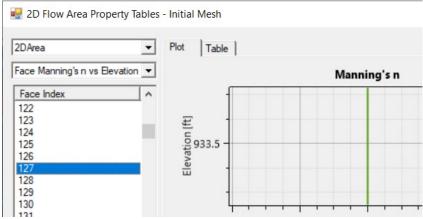
17. Verify the land cover layer has been associated with your geometry.



5 Compute Hydraulics Tables

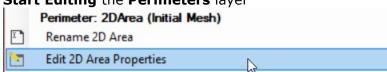
In this step, you will verify that the n values that you expect to see are indeed being used.

- 18. Expand the "Initial Mesh" geometry and turn on the **Final n Values** layer.
- 19. Select the Final n Values layer. You should see the n values. Adjust the color ramp, if you like.
- 20. **Right-click** on the **2D Flow Areas** layer and choose the **Compute 2D Flow Areas Hydraulic Tables** menu option.
- 21. After the processing the tables, inspect the properties of the 2D faces.
 - a. Select the **2D Flow Areas** layer
 - b. Right-click on a 2D cell face
 - c. Choose Plot Property Table | Face: Manning's n Elevation. You will get a rather boring plot....but use this information to verify the correct n values are used.

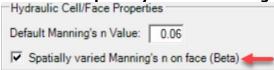


6 Horizontally Varied Manning's n Values

22. Start Editing the Perimeters layer

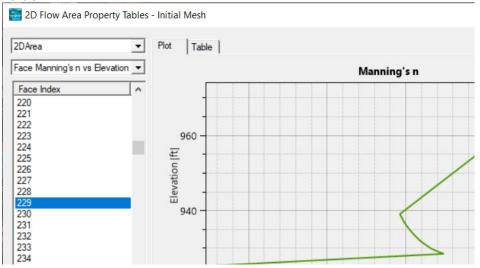


23. Select the Spatially varied Manning's n on face (Beta) option.



24.Stop Editing

- 25. **Right-click** on the **2D Flow Areas** layer and choose the **Compute 2D Flow Areas Hydraulic Tables** menu option.
- 26. **Inspect** the Manning's n values on a face to verify they are no longer single value.



7 Modify n Values

- 27. Use the Base Override option to override a base n value.
 - a. Start Editing the Manning's n value layer
 - b. Right-click on the **Manning's n** value layer and choose the **Edit Manning's n Values** menu option.
 - c. For one of the land use types, enter a value into the **Base Override – ManningsN** column to override its current value.
- 28. **Create** a Calibration Region and provide a name.
- 29. **Enter** new Manning's n values for the caibration region.
- 30. Recompute the Hydraulic Property Tables.
- 31. Evaluate the changes.