HEC-RAS 2D Mesh Generation and Refinement

Mark Jensen Cameron Ackerman, PE, D.WRE

USACE, Institute for Water Resources, Hydrologic Engineering Center





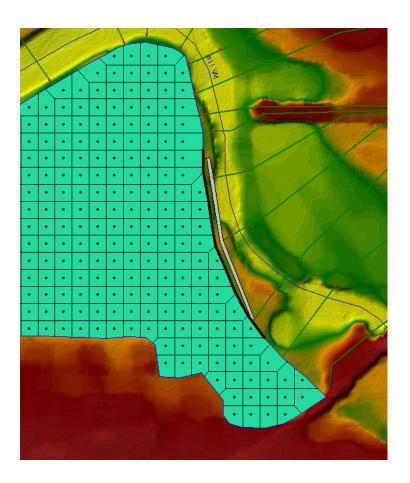






Overview

- Common Terms
- How to Create a Mesh
- Limitations
- Fixing Mesh Problems
- Hydraulic Property Tables

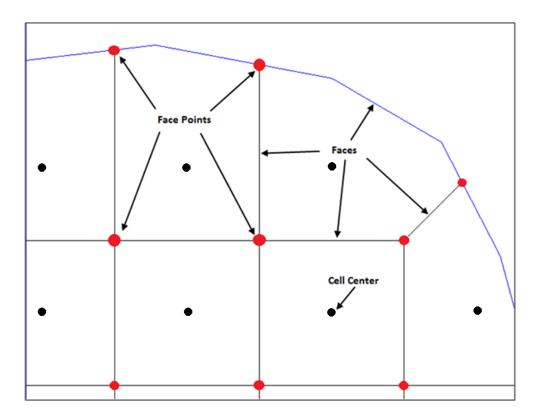






Finite Volume Mesh

- Naming Convention
 - Face Points
 - Faces
 - Cells
 - Computation Points (center)

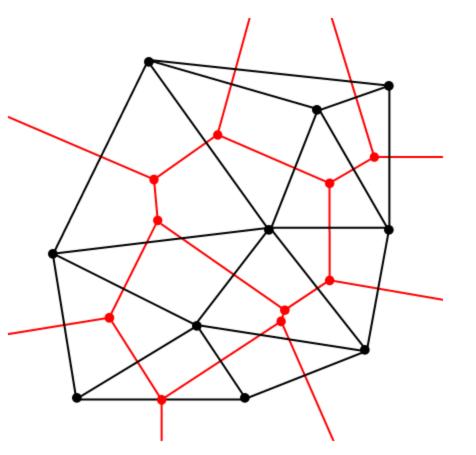






Mesh Generation

- Define mesh boundary and triangula dots)
- Face Points (red dots) are triangle ci
- Faces (red lines) connect face points
- Faces are also "Enforced" with inter-

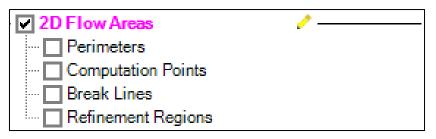






Create 2D Flow Area Mesh in RAS Mapper

- Meshes are generated from a set of computation points with consideration to polygons and breaklines.
- Steps/Features used to create a mesh:
 - Perimeter Polygon
 - Computation Points
 - Breaklines (Optional)
 - Refinement Regions (Optional)



Creating a good mesh is an iterative process!



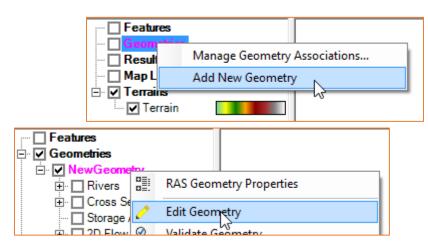


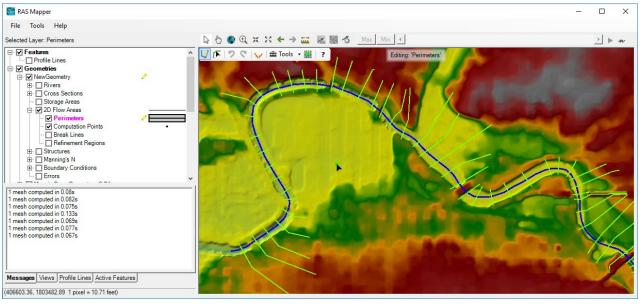
Editor Access

Create a New Geometry

Edit Geometry

- Edit Toolbar
- Select Layer









Editing



- Add New Feature
- Select/Edit Feature
- Undo/Redo
- Plot Profile
- Tools
- Help











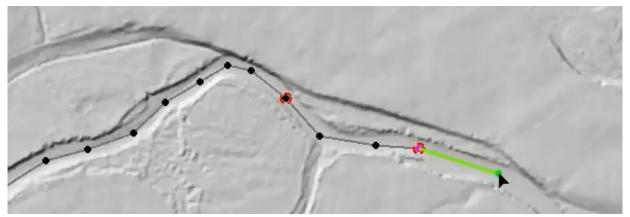




Add New Feature

- Left-click to start adding a new point, line, or polygon
- Double-click to end a line or polygon

 Pan by switching to Pan tool, Shift key, Middle Mouse, or right-click to re-center.



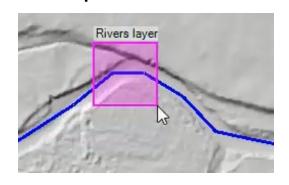


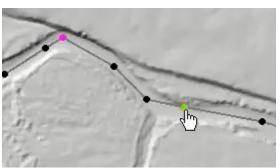


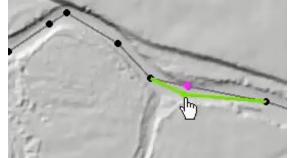


Select / Edit

- Select / Edit tool is used to select feature(s) and then begin editing (move, add points, delete, etc).
 - Double-click to Start Editing (Open feature)
 - Double-click to End Editing (Close feature)
- Mouse hover indicates action
 - Green point indicates: Move, Insert, Delete point







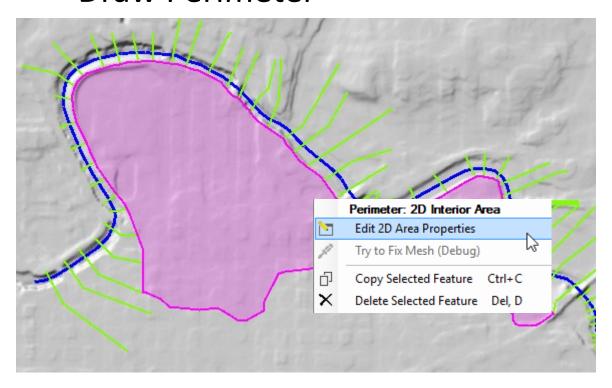




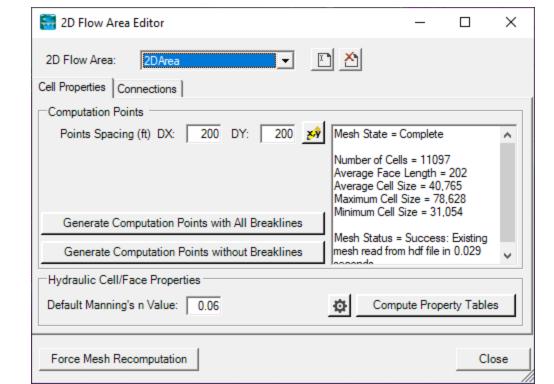


2D Flow Area

Draw Perimeter

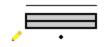


• 2D Flow Area Editor









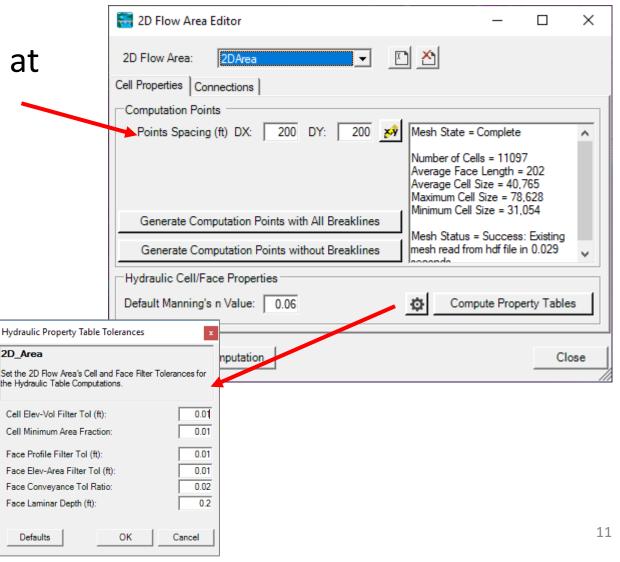


Computation Points

Generate Computation Points at an even interval

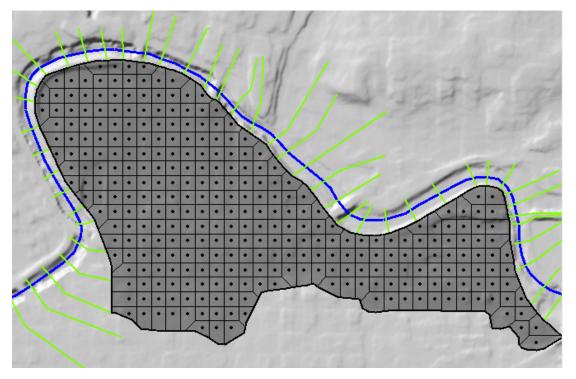
- Breaklines and Refinement Regions area enforced
- Default n Value

 Hydraulic Table Property Tolerances





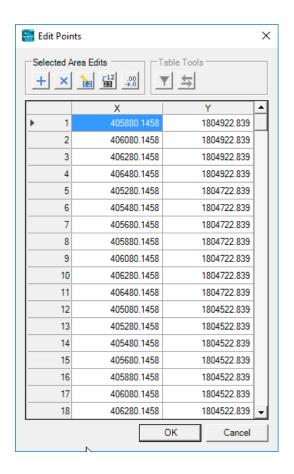




• Mesh is generated from resultant set of computation points.





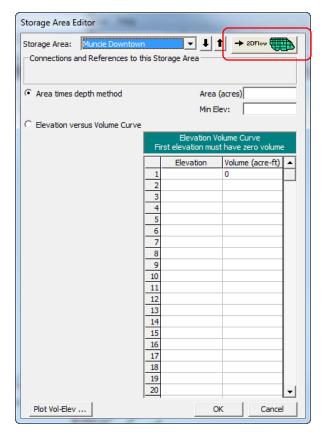






Create 2D Flow Area Mesh from an existing Storage Area

- Converting Existing Storage Area
 - Click convert button







Hydraulic Property Tables

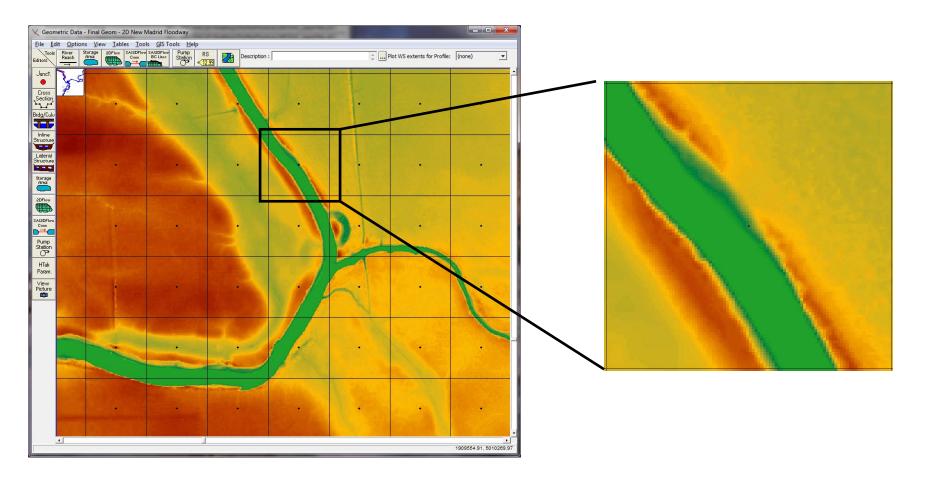
- Computation engine uses hydraulic property tables to represent the geometry of the system
- Cells
 - Elevation/Volume
- Faces
 - Elevation/Area
 - Elevation/Wetter Perimeter
 - Elevation/Manning's n
 - (all from station elevation profile)





Benefits of Hydraulic (Sub-grid) Tables

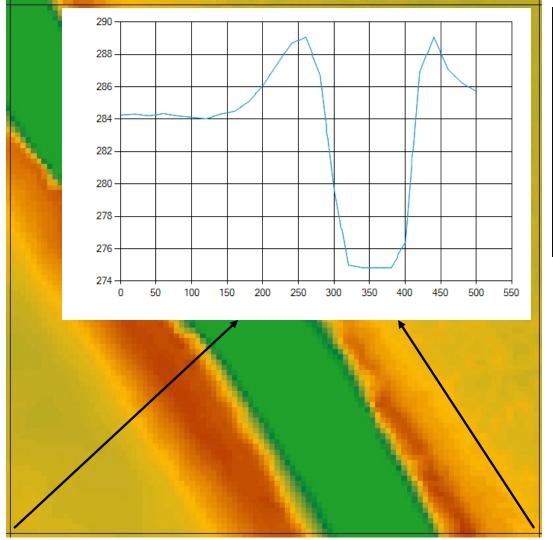
Can model small channels in larger cells

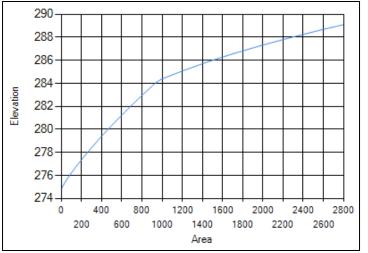


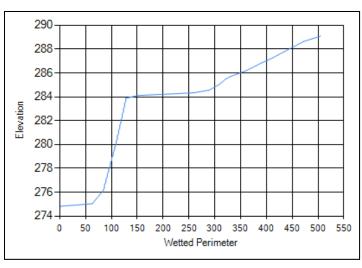




Benefits of Hydraulic (Sub-grid) Tables





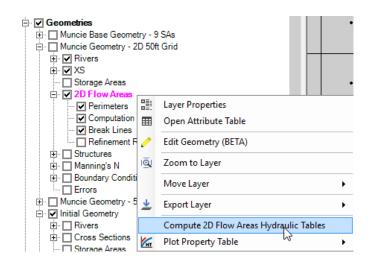


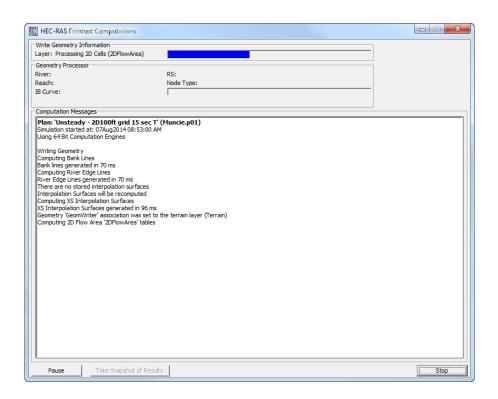




Hydraulic Property Tables

- Computed (once and stored in geometry *.hdf)
 - From RAS Mapper
 - Before unsteady-flow simulation

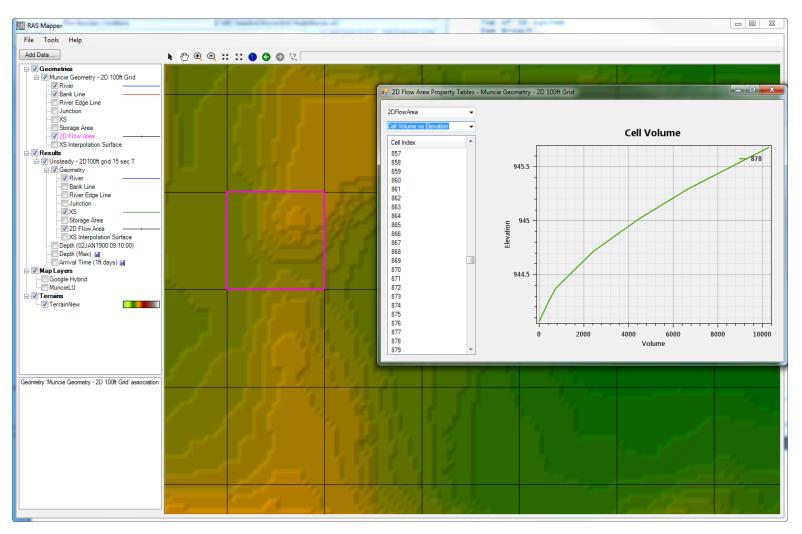








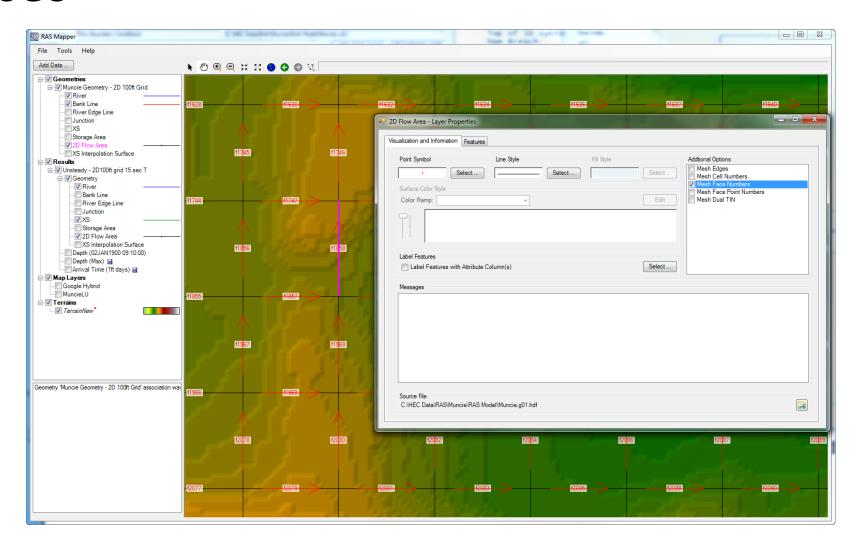
Cells







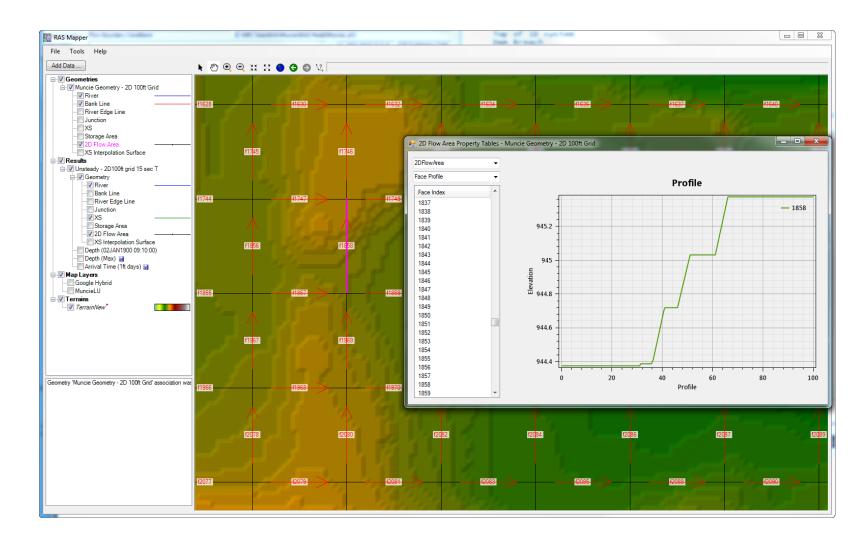
Faces







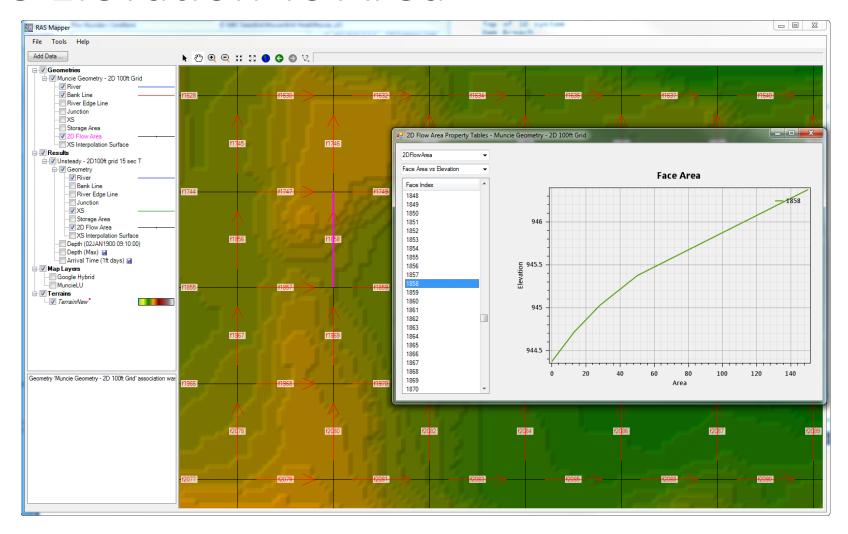
Face Profile







Face Elevation vs Area

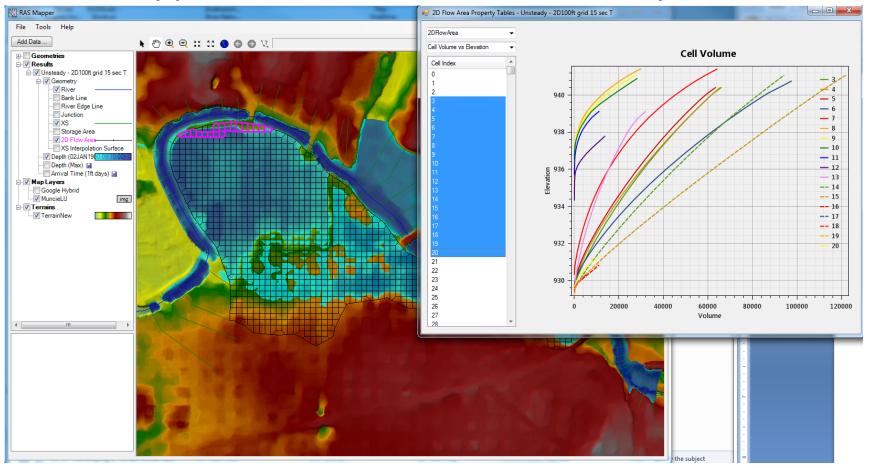






Hydraulic Property Tables

• View from RAS Mapper - '2DFlow Area' in 'Geometry' or 'Results'







Mesh Limitations

- One face between cells even on perimeter
- Only one boundary condition per Face
- Except for Lateral structures
 - Lateral structures can stop and start on the same 2D external Face, when connecting 1D reach to a 2D area.



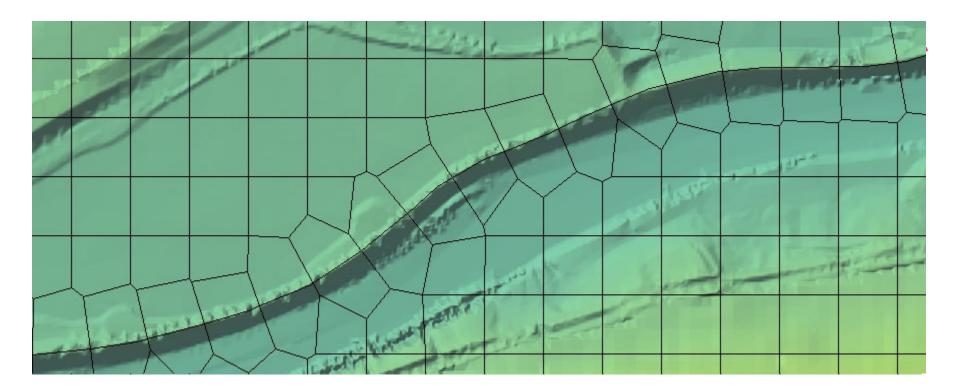






Breaklines

- Breaklines enforce Cell Faces inside of the Mesh.
- Place along linear features that control water movement







Breaklines

- "Snapping" is part of mesh generation
 - Faces snap to breaklines if they are close enough
- "Enforcing" changes the cell points around a breakline
 - Improves the snapping of the 2D faces to the breaklines
 - Not perfect, might require tighter cell spacing and/or hand graphical editing

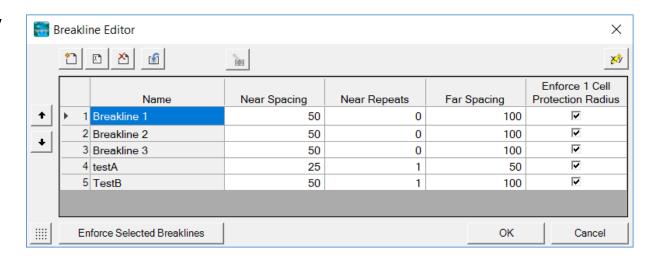




Breakline Properties

- Near Spacing Initial cell size (approx.) along the breakline.
 - Default value is 2D Area point spacing
- Near Repeats Repeats cell insertion using Near Spacing a multiple away from the breakline.
- Far Spacing Max cell size (approx.) of newly added cells.
 - Default value is 2D Area point spacing

- Enforce 1 Cell Protection Radius Once enforced cells near to the breakline will not be removed through the enforcement of additional breaklines.
 - Include cells added/edited by hand.

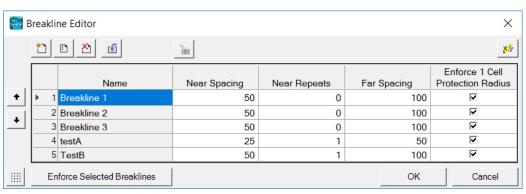






Breakline Process

- All points within a computed buffer are removed.
- Cells are added uniformly along the side of breakline.
- Buffer for point removal is computed as: Near Spacing * Near Repeats
 - + Double Near Spacing size n times until reach Far Spacing size (However, take 75% of last cell size so as to not delete too far)



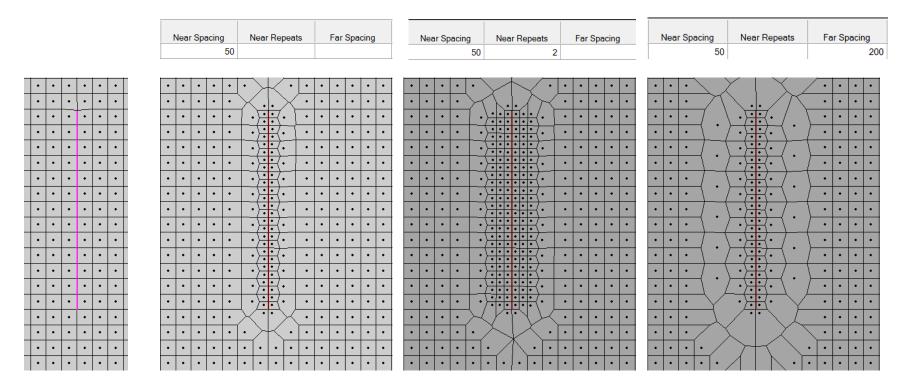
• A breaklines' area of influence is stopped by a neighboring breakline (will not proceed to opposite side).





Breakline Examples

• Grid spacing = 100





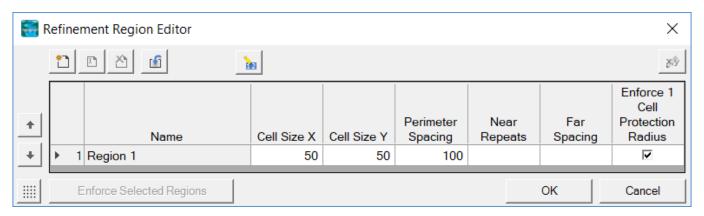






Refinement Regions

- Cell Size X,Y Internal cell size dimension
- Perimeter is treated like a breakline
 - Perimeter Spacing, Near Repeats, Far Spacing, Cell Protection same as for breaklines
- Internal cell size used for perimeter spacing, if not defined

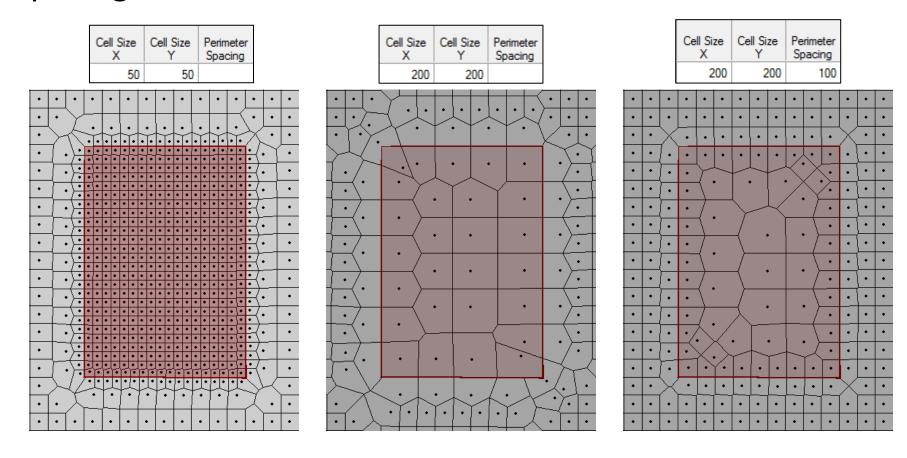






Refinement Examples

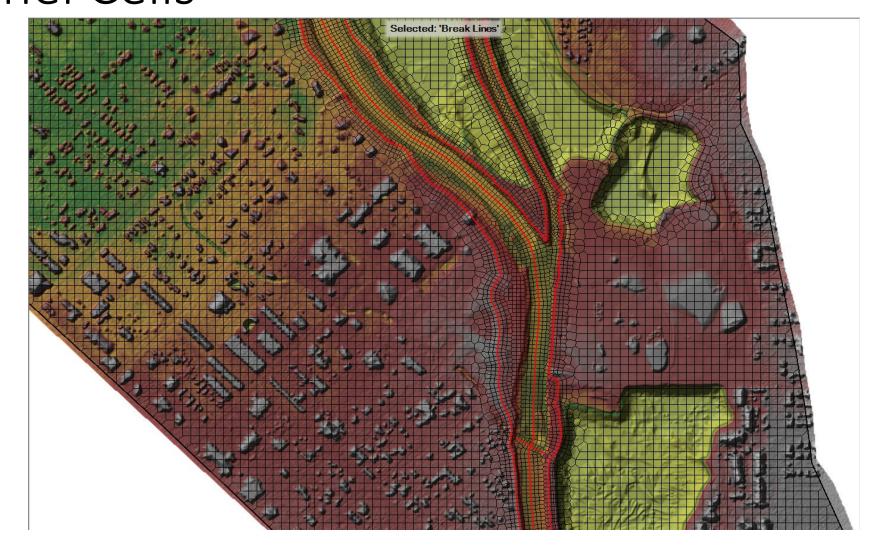
• Grid spacing = 100







Refinement Regions and Break Lines to Align Channel Cells

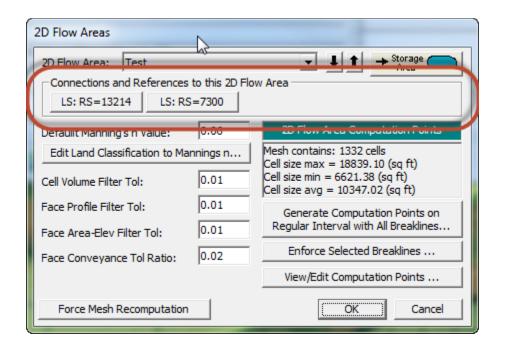






2D Flow Area Editor Geometry Editor

- Connections
 - Similar to Storage Area
 - Quick Link to Connections

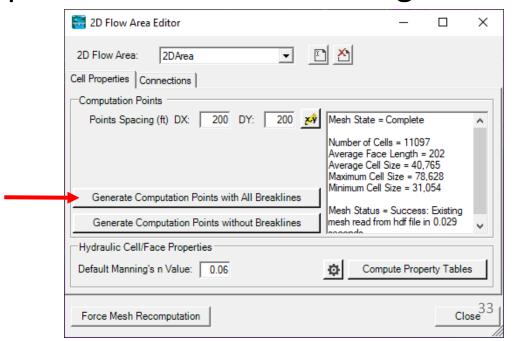






Computation Points

- Final mesh is based on final computation point set.
- Enforcement of Breaklines and Refinement Regions modifies existing computation points.
- Can enforce a breakline once, change parameters and enforce again.
 - Each iteration modifies the previous points.
- Point Regeneration will automatically use Breaklines and Refinement Regions.

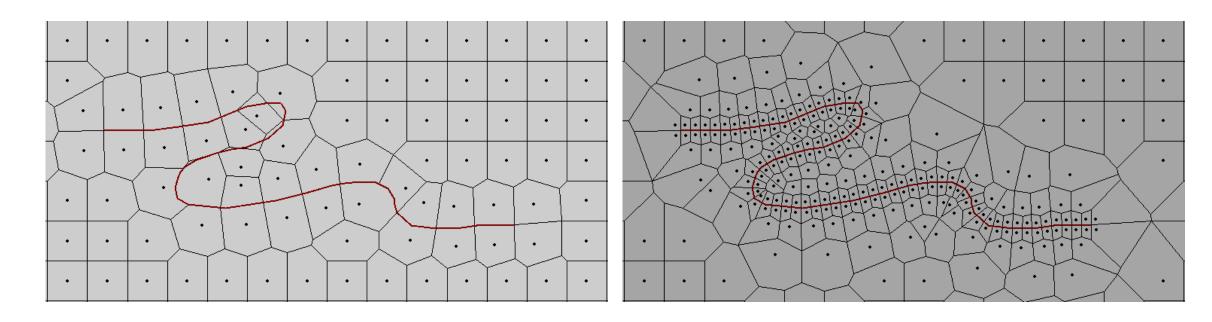






Fixing Problems

• If cell spacing is too large, cell faces may not be enforced





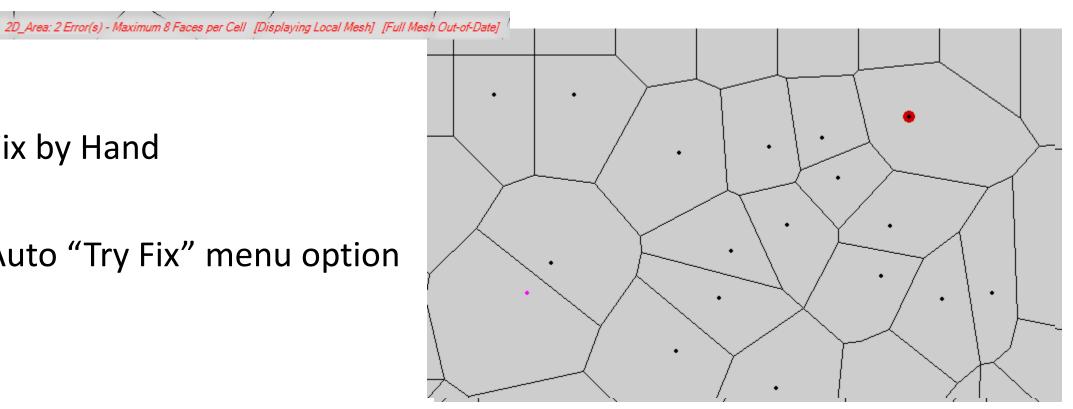


Fixing Problems

More than 8 sides on a cell.

Fix by Hand

Auto "Try Fix" menu option

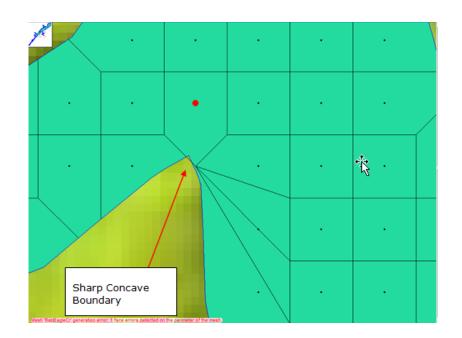


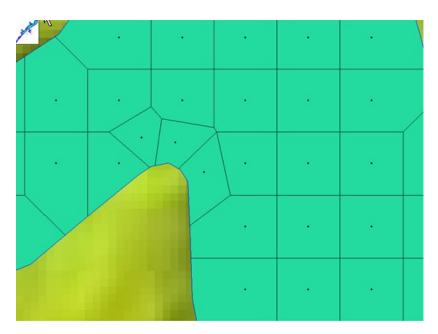




Fixing Problems

- Cells need to have exactly one Computation Point (Black Dot)
- Fix graphically by adding more points and/or moving points near perimeter





Questions?





