# Unsteady Flow Modeling with HEC-RAS

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#### Outline



Boundary Conditions and Computation

Inline Structures and Gates

Reservoir Modeling Layout Options





# Boundary and Initial Conditions, and Computation Options and Tolerances





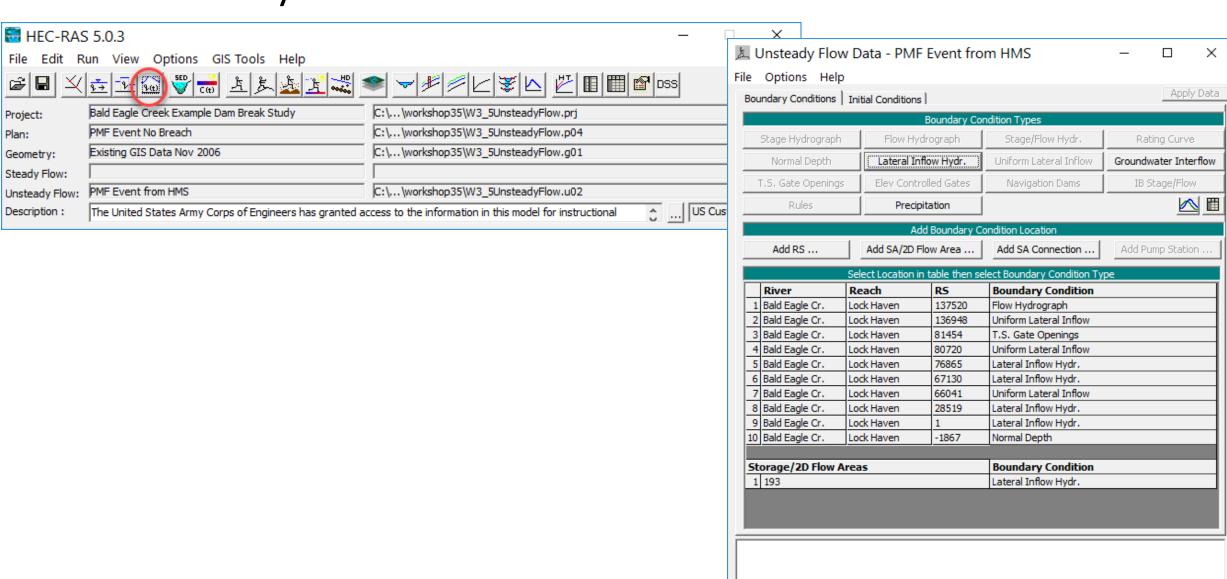
## Unsteady Flow Data

- External Boundaries required
  - Upstream and Downstream ends of the river
  - Typically flow or stage hydrograph upstream
  - Typically rating or "normal depth" downstream
- Internal Boundaries can be added
  - Add flow within the river system
  - Define gate operation
- Initial Conditions at the start of simulation







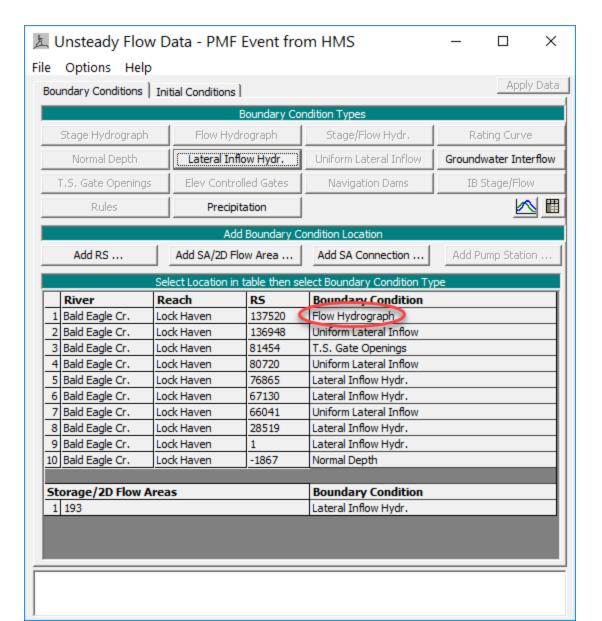








- Flow Hydrograph
- Stage Hydrograph
- Stage/Flow Hydrograph

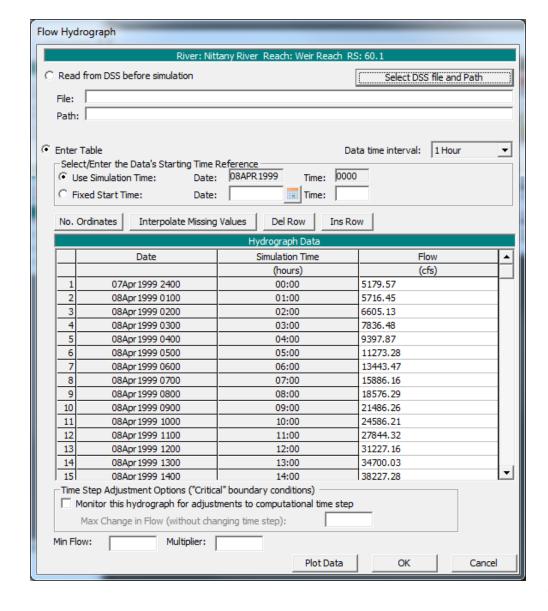




# Flow Hydrograph



- Read from DSS
  - Select DSS file
  - Select Pathname
- Enter in Table
  - Select time interval
  - Select start date/time
  - Enter flow data or cut & paste





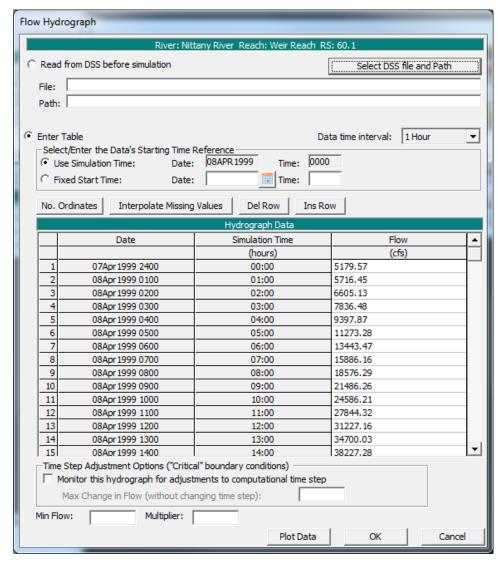


# Flow Hydrograph

- Min Flow
- Multiplier

Hydrograph Monitor for Time Slicing



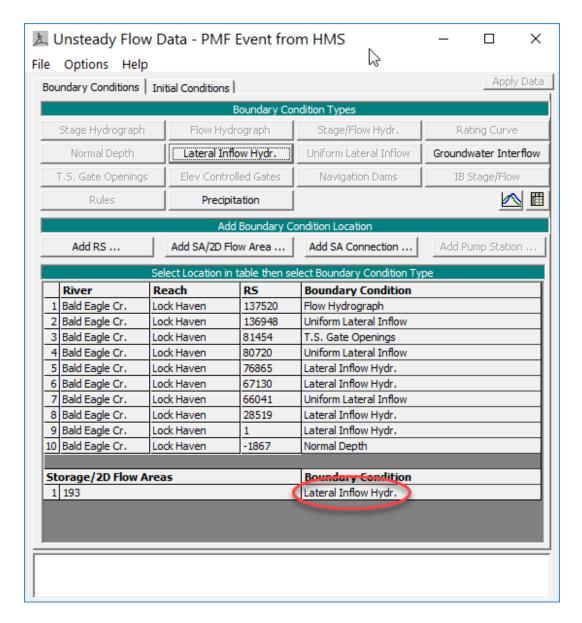








- Downstream Options:
  - ► Normal Depth
  - ► Rating Curve
  - ► Stage Hydrograph
  - ► Flow Hydrograph
  - Stage & Flow Hydrograph

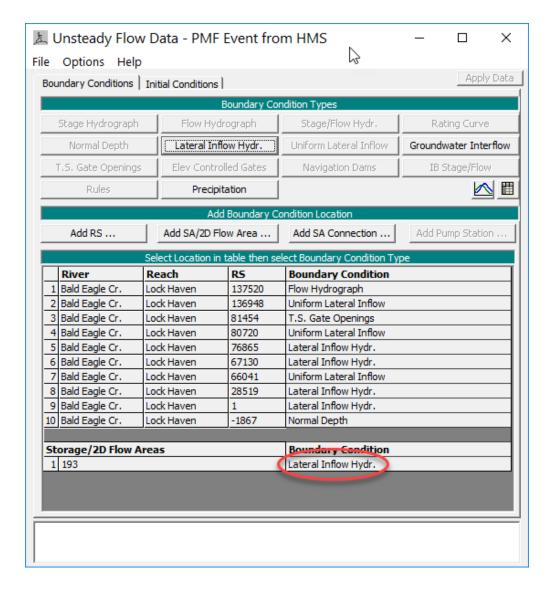








- Storage Areas are no longer limited to one lateral inflow hydrograph boundary (RAS 4.2 Alpha 2).
- Add Storage Area to table more than one time for additional hydrograph.

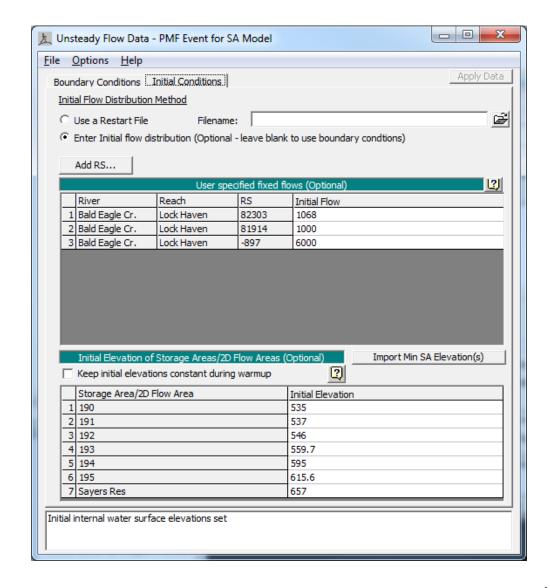




#### **Initial Conditions**



- Requires an initial flow for all reaches – can be left blank for dendritic systems
- Pool elevation for storage areas can be left blank
- Can change initial flow at any location
- Use system status from previous simulation (restart file)



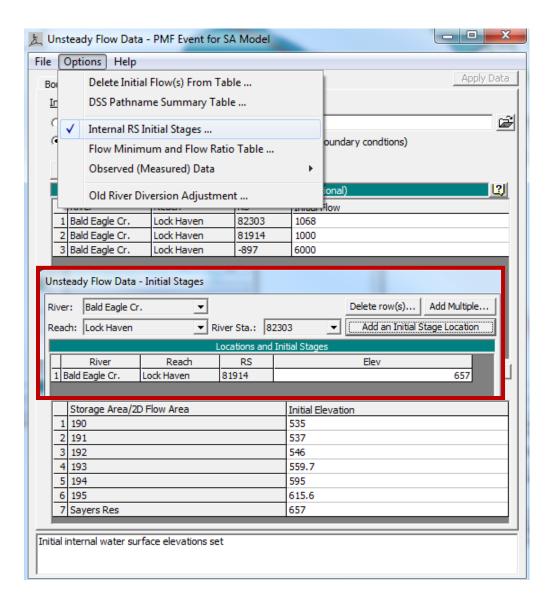


## Initial Internal Stages



 Internal RS Initial Stages used to set initial water surface at a XS

 Stage U/S from inline structure is based on a balance of outlet size/gate opening and water surface

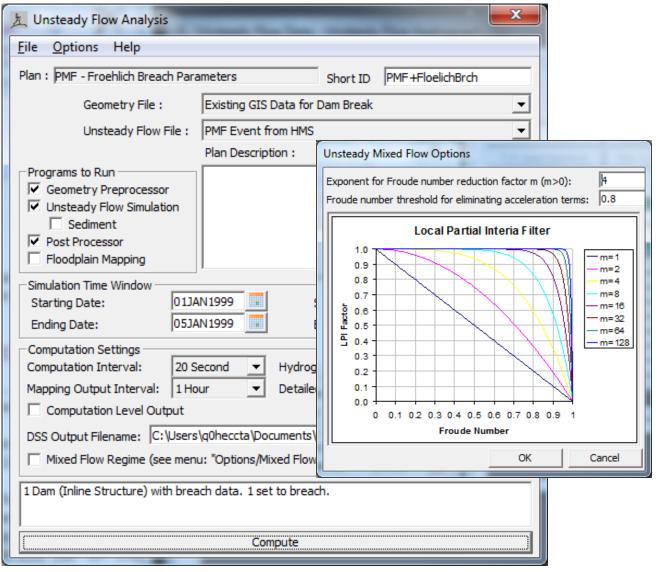




# Computation

HEC

- Computation Time Step
- Hydrograph Output
- Detailed Output
- Mixed Flow Regime

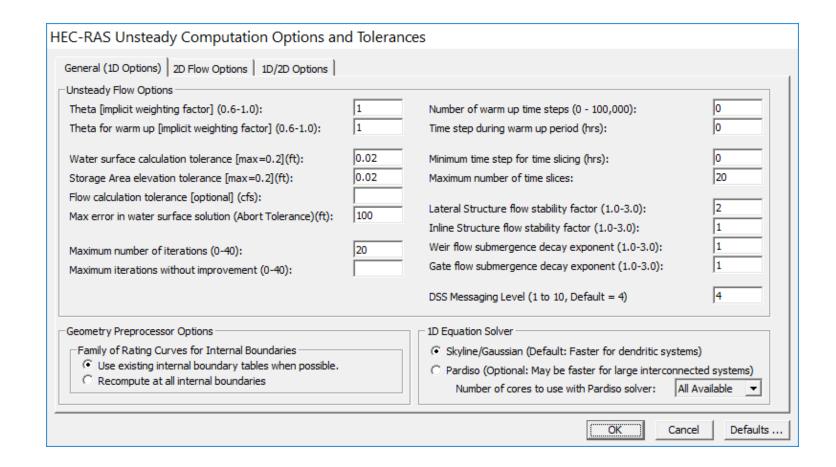








- Theta
  - 1 = Most Stable
- Water Surface
  Tolerance
- Stability Factors
  - 1 = Most Accurate
  - 3 = Most Stable
    - Lateral Structure
    - Inline Structure
    - Weir Flow Submergence





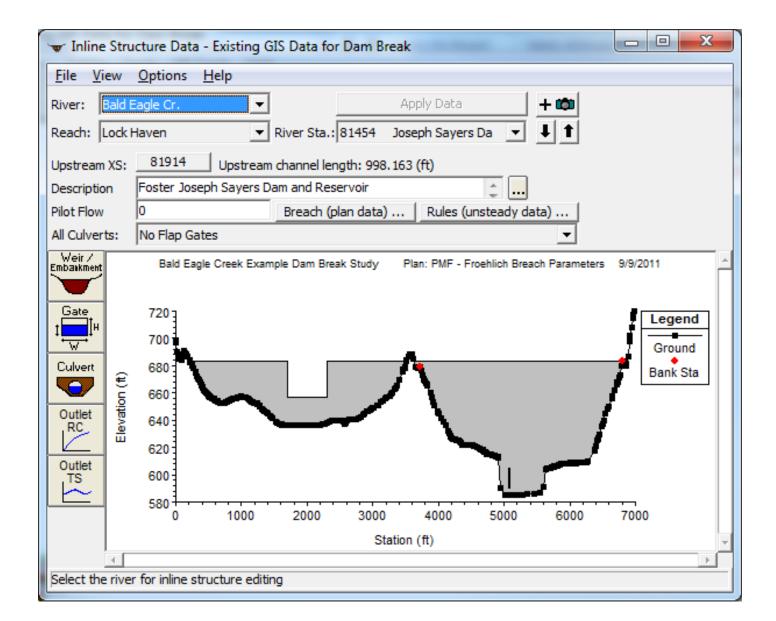


# Inline Structures and Gates



## Entering Inline Structure Data



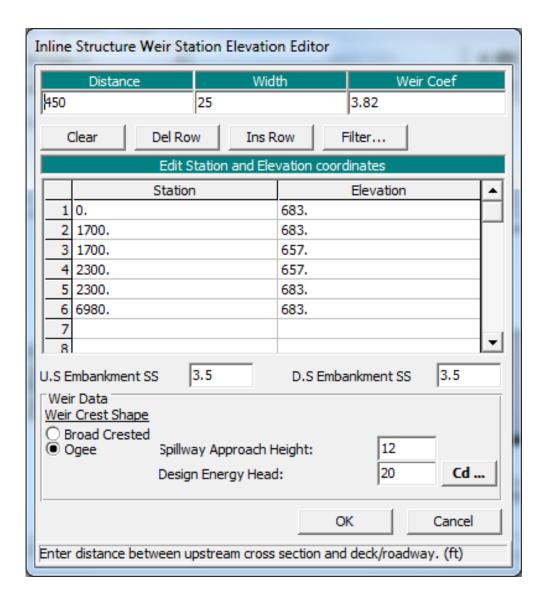




### Weir and Embankment Profile



- Distance + Width < U/S XS</li>
  Reach Length
- Weir include top of dam and spillway
- Weir Coef. used for both dam and spillway

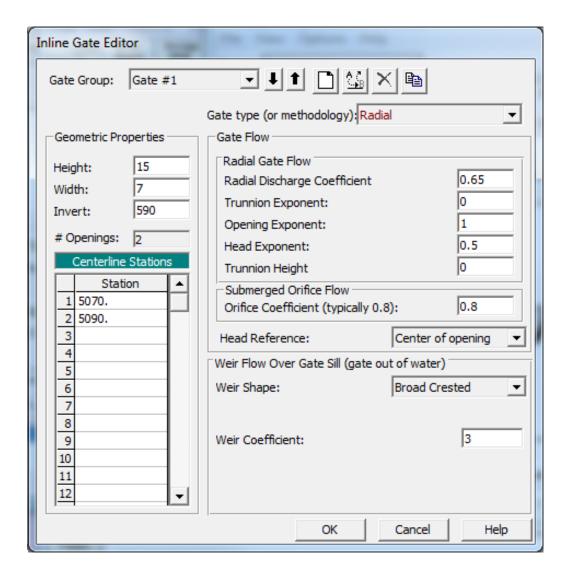




#### Gates



- Sluice
- Radial
- Overflow
- User Defined Curves

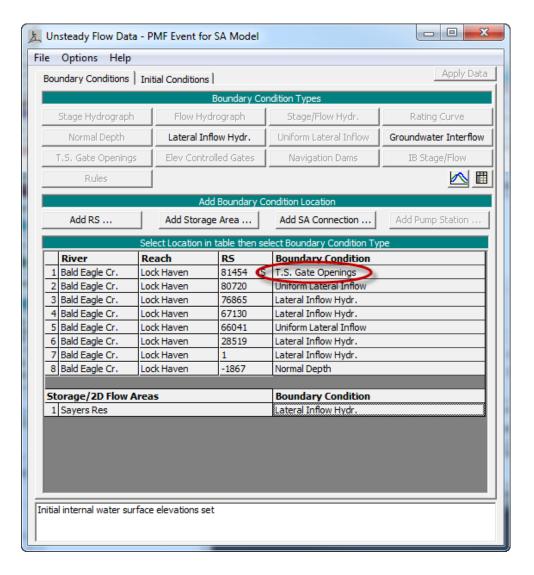




# Gate Settings



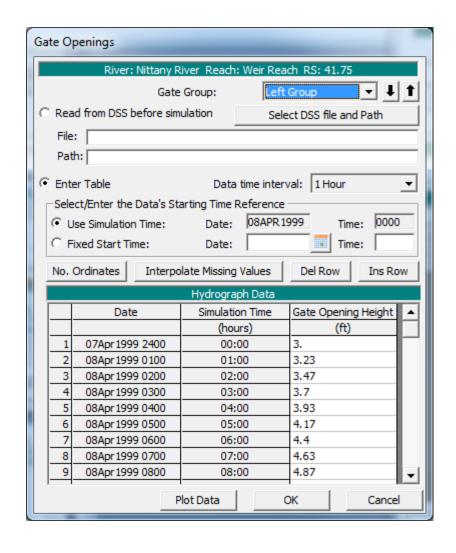
 Add the Inline Structure station as a BC location to Specify Gate Settings

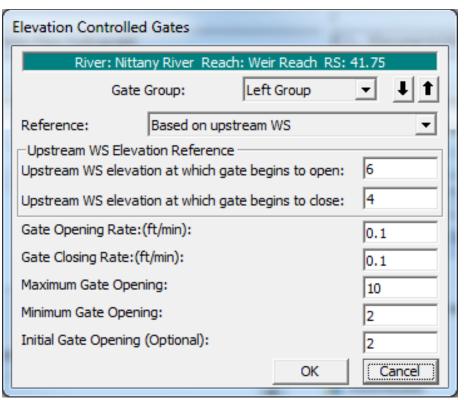














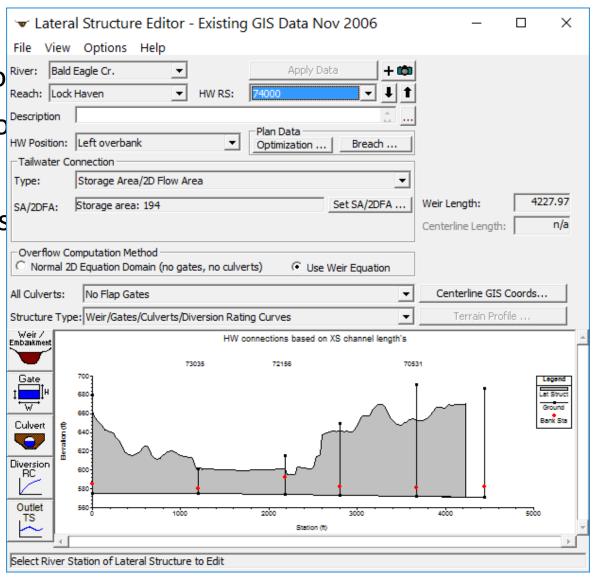
#### Lateral Structures



Connect to River XSs or to a Sto River:

HW Position affects computation

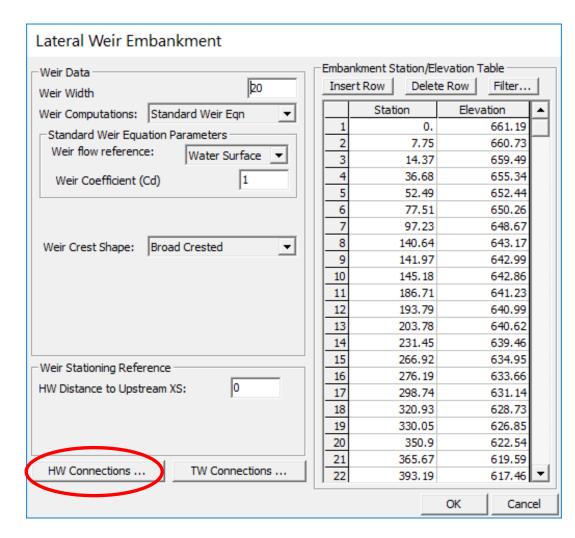
Similar options as for an inline s

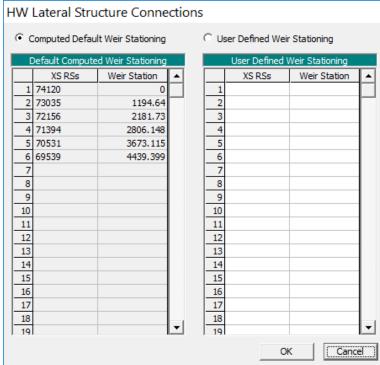




#### Lateral Structures







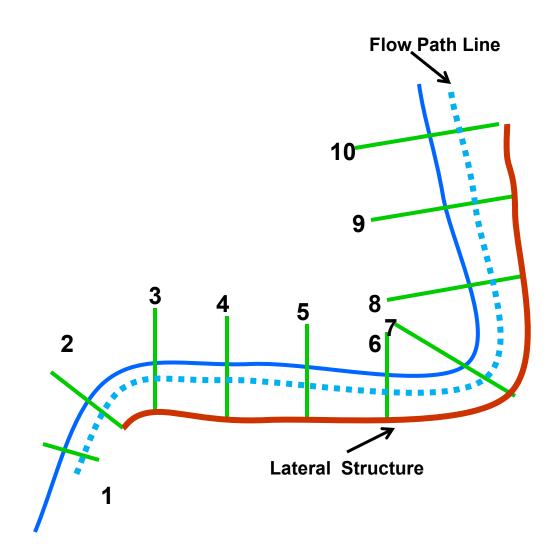


## Lateral Structure



User Specified Stationing

RAS XS	RAS Station	User Station
10	0	0
9	100	100
8	200	200
7	300	325
6	400	450
5	500	550
4	600	650
3	700	750
2	800	825
1	-	-





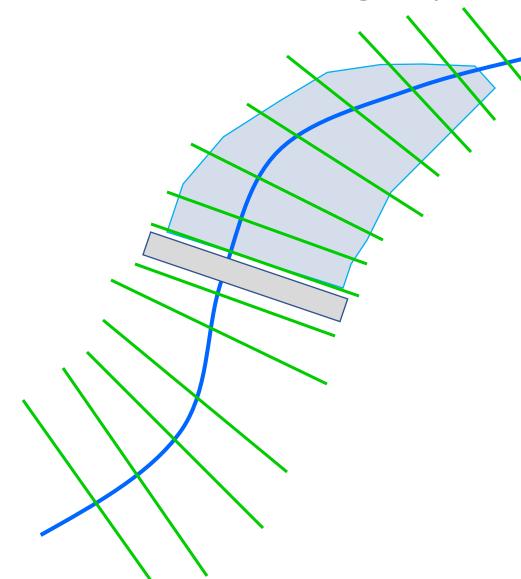


# Reservoir Modeling Options



# Reservoir Modeling Option





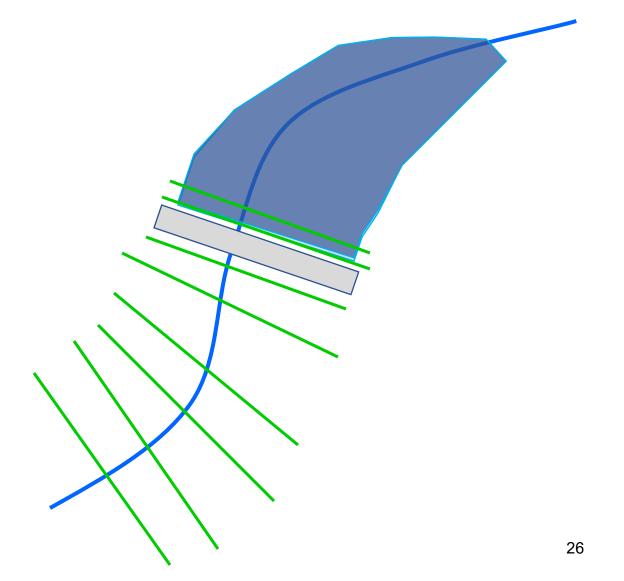
- Model Reservoir with cross sections
- Cross sections must include channel information, especially around dam both u/s and d/s
- Allows for dynamic routing of water (sloped water surface)



# Reservoir Modeling Option



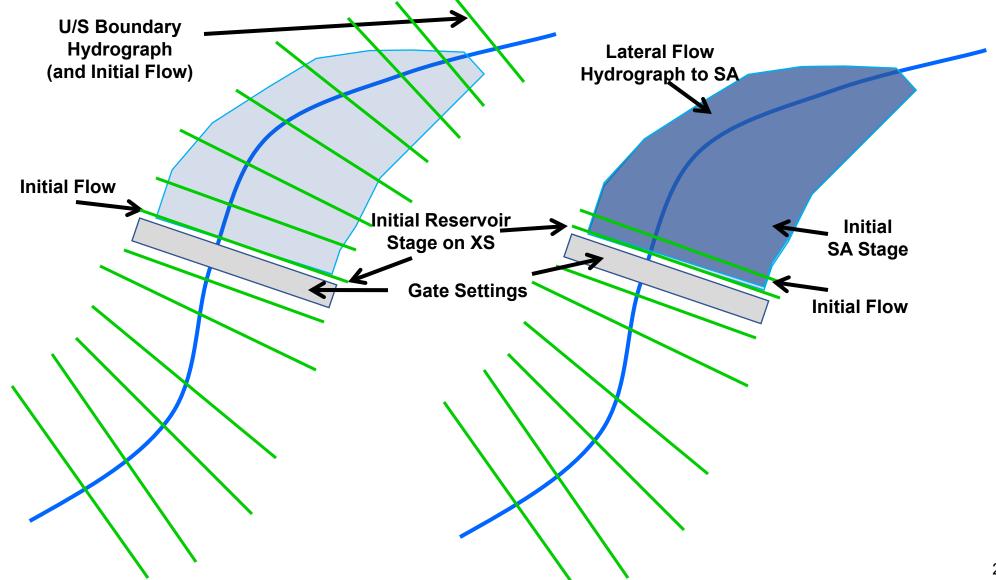
- Model Reservoir with a Storage Area
- Must have 2 cross sections U/S from inline structure
- Cross sections must include channel down to dam invert on both side of the inline structure
- Linear routing in storage area results in horizontal water surface







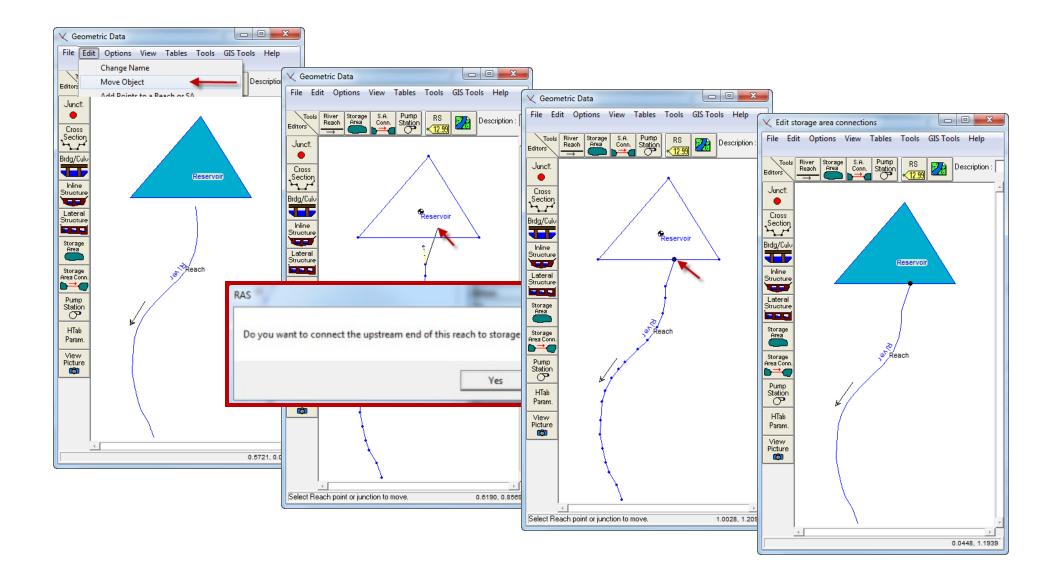








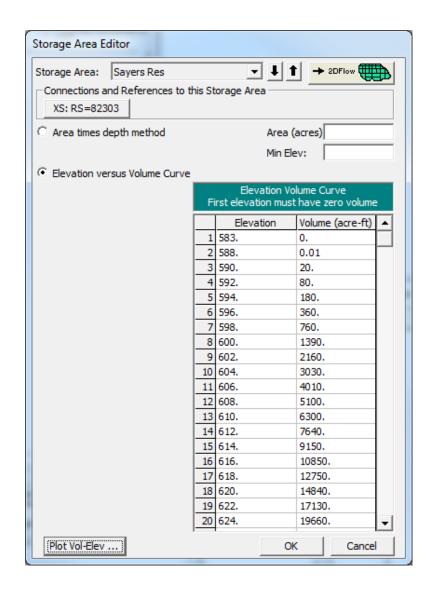


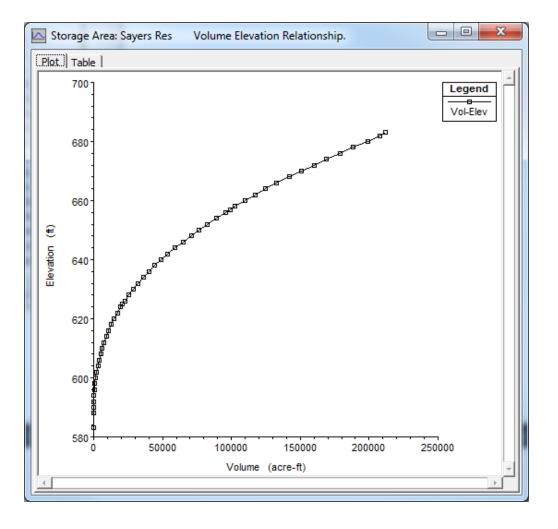




# Stage-Volume Curve









# Storage Area Inflow



