Hydrologic Analysis for Ecosystem Restoration

8-12 March 2021 Davis, California

Objectives: To provide participants with: 1) an understanding of the issues in restoration studies; 2) an overview of Corps policies and analysis methods for riverine ecosystem restoration studies; 3) an understanding of the role and analytical processes of hydrologic engineering required during the conduct of the studies; and 4) insights into the applicability of a range of tools for the various hydrologic analyses necessary in planning and design of these features.

Time: To accommodate participants in multiple time zones, core instruction hours are 8:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. pacific standard time (P) / 11:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. eastern standard time (E). Each full course day, M-Th, will conclude with a 1.5-hour "FLEX" workshop that can be done either at the end of that day or the beginning of the next day. Both options will be staffed with instructors. HEC-hosted virtual machines with required data and software are provided for participants.

HEC Instructors

Jon Fenske
Beth Faber
Karl Tarbet
John Hickey
Sara O'Connell
Julia Slaughter
Stanford Gibson
Cam Ackerman

Guest Instructors

Paul DuBowy, Ecohydrology Associates Julie DeMeester, TNC Katie Kennedy, TNC

Monday, March 8

(start) 8 P / 11 E Welcome, Introductions, and Course Preliminaries (30 min)

8:30 P / 11:30 E 1.1 Lecture Principles of Restoration Ecology (60 min)

Overview of a variety of wetland types with a focus on understanding the linkages between wetland hydrology and restoration ecology. Constraints on wetland restoration efforts are emphasized (*Paul DuBowy, Ecohydrology Associates*).

9:30 P / 12:30 E 1.2 Lecture Hydrologic Methods for Ecosystem Restoration Studies including Groundwater-Surface Water Interactions (60 min)

Hydrologic principles, analysis methods, and tools relevant to restoration studies will be presented. Emphasis placed on ground/surface water interactions and methods and tools used in their evaluation (*Jon Fenske, HEC*).

10:30 P / 1:30 E 1.3 Lecture Statistical Primer – Analyzing flow time series (60 min)

Use of statistics to analyze flow frequency, flow duration, and other basic methods for investigating high and low flows (Beth Faber, HEC).

11:30 P / 2:30 E Break (30 min)

12 P / 3 E 1.4 Lecture Ecohydrology Challenges and Commonalities (60 min)

Lecture draws upon experience in several systems (Everglades, Mississippi River, Lake Titicaca, water development in Australia and Brazil, and water quality issues in Brazil) to describe a range of challenges related to ecology and hydrology. Commonalities, especially as related to Corps projects, are highlighted (Paul DuBowy, Ecohydrology Associates).

1 P / 4 E 1.5 Lecture Tools for Working with Time Series – HEC-DSSVue (30 min) and The Nature Conservancy's IHA (30 min)

A demonstration of two software tools used to manage and analyze time series.

DSSVue is designed to plot, tabulate, archive, and perform math functions on time series and paired series data. DSS (Data Storage System) is the underlying database for most HEC software (Karl Tarbet, HEC).

IHA (Indicators of Hydrologic Alteration) is designed to analyze and assess changes in daily hydrologic data in ecologically meaningful terms. IHA will be used in a workshop following this lecture (*Julie DeMeester, TNC*).

FLEX 1.6 Workshop Using IHA

Workshop provides an introduction and opportunity to run the newest version (V7) of the Indicators of Hydrologic Alteration (IHA) software (Julie DeMeester and Katie Kennedy, TNC, and John Hickey, HEC).

FLEX SESSIONS are from 2:00 to 3:30 p.m. pacific standard time and 9:30 to 11:00 a.m. eastern standard time the next morning.

Tuesday, March 9

(start) 8 P / 11 E 1.6 Workshop Using IHA: Recap (30 min)

Review of IHA workshop and opportunity for questions (Julie DeMeester, TNC).

8:30 P / 11:30 E 2.1 Lecture Linking the hydrological regime with river ecosystem processes and developing environmental flow

recommendations (60 min)

Hydrologic regimes strongly influence a range of river ecosystem processes and shapes aquatic species' habitat and population dynamics. Presentation examines linkages between specific components of the flow regime and species' life history requirements. Session then describes environmental flow processes, including a method in which scientists focus on linkages between the flow regime, ecosystem processes, and species' life history requirements (*Katie Kennedy, TNC*).

9:30 P / 12:30 E 2.2 Workshop Defining Environmental Flows – A Small Group Exercise

Class will split into small groups for a hands-on exercise in defining environmental flow requirements for different ecosystem components and addressing the challenge of developing an integrated flow prescription (Katie Kennedy and Julie DeMeester, TNC, and Sara O'Connell and John Hickey, HEC).

9:30 P / 12:30 E 2.3 Workshop Using HEC-RPT (120 min, 2.2 and 2.3 combined)

HEC-RPT (Regime Prescription Tool) is designed to help groups of people reach agreements about how to manage the flow regime of a river. This workshop uses results of the ecosystem flow workshop (2.2) to explore HEC-RPT (Julie DeMeester and Katie Kennedy, TNC, and Sara O'Connell and John Hickey, HEC).

11:30 P / 2:30 E Class photo, break (30 min)

12 P / 3 E 2.4 Lecture Intro to the Ecosystem Functions Model (HEC-EFM; 30 min)

The EFM is a tool that uses hydrologic and hydraulic input to help make decisions about biological responses. An overview of the Ecosystem Functions Model (EFM) will be presented (*John Hickey, HEC*).

12:30 P / 3:30 E 2.5 Workshop Ecological Performance Measures using Statistics (60 min)

Class exercise to create performance measures that link hydrology and ecology (John Hickey, Julia Slaughter, and Sara O'Connell, HEC).

1:30 P / 4:30 E 2.6 Lecture **HEC-EFM Demo (30 min)**

Demonstration of EFM use. This exercise is a primer for the next workshop (John Hickey and Sara O'Connell, HEC).

FLEX 2.7 Workshop Using Statistical Features of HEC-EFM to Assess Eco-change

Class exercise to analyze the EFM relationships formulated in the previous session. Statistical results will be analyzed to compare ecological change for multiple flow regimes (John Hickey, Julia Slaughter, and Sara O'Connell, HEC).

Wednesday, March 10

(start) 8 P / 11 E 2.7 Workshop Using HEC-EFM: Recap (30 min)

Review of EFM workshop and opportunity for questions (John Hickey, HEC).

8:30 P / 11:30 E 3.1 Workshop Adaptive Management Exercise (120 min)

Adaptive management in flow-ecology is best underpinned by 1) clear values – understood and shared by involved stakeholders, 2) performance measures that are aligned with values and quantifiable, and 3) the technical capacity to assess alternative outcomes. This exercise uses small groups to explore definition of values and performance measures. Information will also be presented about the spectrum of technical tools available to adaptive management practitioners (*Katie Kennedy and Julie DeMeester, TNC, and John Hickey, HEC*).

10:30 P / 1:30 E 3.2 Lecture The Nature Conservancy, the Corps, and ESWM (60 min)

Introduction to The Nature Conservancy (TNC), explanation of TNC's interests in and work related to freshwater biodiversity conservation and sustainable water management, and summary of TNC's collaboration with the Corps in ecosystem restoration (Julie DeMeester and Katie Kennedy, TNC).

11:30 P / 2:30 E Break (30 min)

12 P / 3 E 3.3 Lecture Hydraulic Analysis Methods for Restoration (60 min)

An overview of analysis methods and analytical tools for planning and designing ecosystems will be presented. Steady, unsteady and multi-dimensional flow applicability and analysis tools will be defined (*Stanford Gibson, HEC*).

1 P / 4 E 3.4 Lecture Introduction to HEC-RAS and RAS Mapper (60 min)

Basic concepts and program use are covered to provide information about these tools and as background material for the next two workshops (*Cam Ackerman*, *HEC*).

FLEX 3.5 Workshop Using HEC-RAS and RAS Mapper to Investigate Ecosystem Change

Statistical results from yesterday's EFM workshop will be simulated with HEC-RAS and RAS Mapper to investigate spatial aspects of ecosystem changes with GIS. Multiple flow regimes and ecosystem dynamics will be compared (Cam Ackerman and John Hickey, HEC).

Thursday, March 11

(start) 8 P / 11 E 3.4 Workshop Habitat mapping with HEC-RAS: Recap (30 min)

Review of EFM to RAS workshop (John Hickey, HEC).

8:30 P / 11:30 E 4.1 Lecture Sediment Transport and Management Considerations (30 min)

Erosion and deposition of sediment is an important consideration for ecosystem restoration projects. Sediment dynamics are significantly altered by human works such as dams and levees. This presentation discusses sediment transport from an ecological perspective and introduces sediment modeling capabilities of HEC-RAS (Stanford Gibson, HEC).

9 P / 12 E 4.2 Workshop Application of Hydraulic Principles for Restoration (90 min)

Workshop details and applies HEC-RAS to a stream restoration problem involving the reintroduction of meanders to a previously channelized stream, establishing a sediment budget, and impacts of a grade control structure in sediment dynamics and channel sizing (Stanford Gibson and Cam Ackerman, HEC).

10:30 P / 1:30 E 4.3 Lecture Introduction to HEC-GeoEFM (30 min)

GeoEFM is the spatial accessory for EFM. It helps users 1) manage spatial data, 2) compute habitat areas, and 3) assess habitat connectivity. This lecture introduces GeoEFM and details how it is applied in support of restoration projects (*John Hickey, HEC*).

11 P / 2 E Break (30 min)

11:30 P / 2:30 E 4.4 Workshop **Using HEC-GeoEFM (90 min)**

Spatial results from workshop 3.4 are used in GeoEFM to assess habitat areas and connectivity. Multiple flow regimes and relationships will be compared (Sara O'Connell, Julia Slaughter, and John Hickey, HEC).

1 P / 4 E 4.5 Lecture Habitat Mapping with 2D River Hydraulics Output (60 min)

EFM can apply ecological criteria to 2D river hydraulics model output. This lecture details this feature and introduces the workshop (*John Hickey, HEC*).

FLEX 4.6 Workshop Using EFM with 2D River Hydraulics Models

Spatial output from a 2D river hydraulics model will be used in EFM to map habitat for floodplain plant communities. Habitat will be visualized in GIS. An alternative will be assessed (John Hickey, Julia Slaughter, and Sara O'Connell, HEC).

Friday, March 12

(start) 8 P / 11 E 4.6 Workshop Using EFM with 2D Models: Recap (30 min)

Review of EFM 2D workshop (John Hickey, HEC).

8:30 P / 11:30 E 5.1 Lecture Concepts related to Ecological Population Dynamics (30 min)

Comparing management alternatives based on fluctuations in populations of natural communities is intuitive and challenging. Intuitive because population counts and trends are easy to comprehend and challenging because population dynamics are a reflection of a myriad of physical, chemical, and biotic conditions and interactions. Consideration of population dynamics allows modelers to test the effects of land management practices, water management decisions, water quality concerns, and other variables of interest (John Hickey, HEC).

9 P / 12 E 5.2 Workshop Modeling of Ecological Population Dynamics (90 min)

Workshop explores simulation of ecological communities. Participants will: 1) delineate an area of interest, 2) create variables, 3) and simulate population dynamics for plant and animal communities (*John Hickey, Julia Slaughter, and Sara O'Connell, HEC*).

10:30 P / 1:30 E Post-course Test and Critique (60 min)