## Hydrologic Analysis for Ecosystem Restoration

Davis, California

Objectives: To provide participants with: 1) an understanding of the issues in restoration studies; 2) an overview of Corps policies and analysis methods for riverine ecosystem restoration studies; 3) an understanding of the role and analytical processes of hydrologic engineering required during the conduct of the studies; and 4) insights into the applicability of a range of tools for the various hydrologic analyses necessary in planning and design of these features.

<u>Monday, March 30</u>			
8:00 – 8:45 a.m.	Welcome, Introductions, and Course Preliminaries		
8:45 – 9:00 a.m.	Break		
9:00 – 10:15 a.m.	1.1 Lecture	Principles of Restoration Ecology	
	Overview of a variety of wetland types with a focus on understanding the linkages between wetland hydrology and restoration ecology. Constraints on wetland restoration efforts are emphasized.		
10:15 – 11:15 a.m.	1.2 Lecture	Hydrologic Methods for Ecosystem Restoration Studies including Groundwater-Surface Water Interaction Principles	
	Hydrologic principles, analysis methods, and tools relevant to restoration studies will be presented. Emphasis placed on ground/surface water interactions and methods and tools used in their evaluation.		
11:15 – 12:00 p.m.	1.3 Lecture	Statistical Primer – Analyzing flow time series	
		to analyze flow frequency, flow duration, and other basic methods high and low flows.	
12:00 – 1:00 p.m.	Lunch		
1:00 – 2:00 p.m.	1.4 Lecture	Tools for Working with Time Series – HEC-DSSVue and The Nature Conservancy's IHA	
	A demonstration of two software tools used to manage and analyze time series. The IHA will be used in a workshop this afternoon.		
	DSSVue is designed to plot, tabulate, archive, and perform math functions on time		

DSSVue is designed to plot, tabulate, archive, and perform math functions on time series and paired series data (DSS, which stands for Data Storage System, is the underlying database for most HEC software).

IHA (Indicators of Hydrologic Alteration) is designed to analyze and assess changes in daily hydrologic data in ecologically meaningful terms.

#### 2:00 – 3:30 p.m. 1.5 Workshop Using IHA

Workshop provides an introduction and opportunity to run the newest version (V7) of the Indicators of Hydrologic Alteration (IHA) software.

3:30 – 3:45 p.m. Break

#### 3:45 – 5:00 p.m. 1.6 Lecture Ecohydrology Challenges and Commonalities

Lecture draws upon experience in several systems (Everglades, Mississippi River, Lake Titicaca, water development in Australia and Brazil, and water quality issues in Brazil) to describe a range of challenges related to ecology and hydrology. Commonalities, especially as related to Corps projects, are highlighted.

#### Tuesday, March 31

# 8:00 – 9:00 a.m. 2.1 Lecture Linking the hydrological regime with river ecosystem processes and developing environmental flow recommendations

The hydrologic regime strongly influences a range of river ecosystem processes and shapes aquatic species' habitat and population dynamics. This presentation examines the linkages between specific components of the flow regime and a species' life history requirements. The session then describes processes for developing environmental flow recommendations, including one method in which scientists focus on linkages between the flow regime, ecosystem processes, and species' life history requirements.

- 9:00 9:15 a.m. Break
- 9:15 11:00 a.m. 2.2 Workshop **Defining Environmental Flows A Small Group Exercise**

The class will be divided into small groups for a hands-on exercise in defining environmental flow requirements for different ecosystem components and addressing the challenge of developing an integrated flow prescription.

11:00 – 12:00 p.m. 2.3 Workshop Using HEC-RPT

HEC-RPT (Regime Prescription Tool) is designed to help groups of people reach agreements about how to manage the flow regime of a river. This workshop uses results of the ecosystem flow workshop (2.2) to experiment with HEC-RPT.

- 12:00 1:00 p.m. Class photo, Lunch
- 1:00 1:45 p.m. 2.4 Lecture Intro to the Ecosystem Functions Model (HEC-EFM)

The EFM is a tool that uses hydrologic and hydraulic input to help make decisions about biological responses. An overview of the Ecosystem Functions Model (EFM) will be presented.

1:45 – 3:00 p.m. 2.5 Workshop Formulating EFM Relationships

Class exercise to create EFM relationships that link hydrology and ecology.

- 3:00 3:15 p.m. Break
- 3:15 3:30 p.m. 2.6 Lecture **HEC-EFM Demo**

Demonstration of EFM use. This exercise is a primer for the next workshop.

3:30 – 5:00 p.m. 2.7 Workshop Using Statistical Features of HEC-EFM to Assess Eco-change

Class exercise to analyze the EFM relationships formulated in the previous session. Statistical results will be analyzed to compare ecological change for multiple flow regimes.

#### Wednesday, April 1 8:00 – 11:30 a.m. 3.1 Field Trip Field Trip to the Yolo Bypass Wetlands Field trip to Yolo Basin wetland with presentation on the history, features, and hydrologic investigation of the study. 11:30 – 1:30 p.m. Lunch 1:30 – 2:30 p.m. 3.2 Lecture Hydraulic Analysis Methods for Restoration An overview of analysis methods and analytical tools for planning and designing ecosystems will be presented. Steady, unsteady and multi-dimensional flow applicability and analysis tools will be defined. 2:30 – 2:45 p.m. Break 2:45 – 3:15 p.m. 3.3 Lecture Introduction to HEC-RAS and RAS Mapper Basic concepts and program use are covered to provide information about these tools and as background material for the next two workshops. 3:15 – 5:00 p.m. 3.4 Workshop Using HEC-RAS and RAS Mapper to Investigate Ecosystem Change Statistical results from yesterday's EFM workshop will be simulated with HEC-RAS and RAS Mapper to investigate spatial aspects of ecosystem changes with GIS. Multiple flow regimes and ecosystem dynamics will be compared.

#### Thursday, April 2

#### 8:00 – 8:30 a.m. 4.1 Lecture Sediment Transport and Management Considerations

Erosion and deposition of sediment is an important consideration for ecosystem restoration projects. Sediment dynamics are significantly altered by human works such as dams and levees. This presentation discusses sediment transport from an ecological perspective and introduces sediment modeling capabilities of HEC-RAS.

#### 8:30 – 10:00 a.m. 4.2 Workshop Application of Hydraulic Principles for Stream Restoration

Workshop details and applies HEC-RAS to a stream restoration problem involving the reintroduction of meanders to a previously channelized stream, establishing a sediment budget, and impacts of a grade control structure in sediment dynamics and channel sizing.

10:00 - 10:15 a.m. Break

#### 10:15 – 11:15 a.m. 4.3 Lecture Climate Change Considerations for Hydrology and Ecology

Climate change affects the hydrologic cycle and therefore affects water and its connected ecosystems. Climate change effects differ regionally and interact with anthropogenic influences, which complicates planning that considers ecological implications of a changing climate. Presentation details climate change, related hydrologic methods, and available resources.

#### 11:15 – 12:00 p.m. 4.4 Lecture Ecological Effects of Extreme Hydrologic Events

In September 2018, Hurricane Florence caused severe damage in the Carolinas, primarily as a result of freshwater flooding. This presentation offers a retrospective of that event that focuses on the ecological impacts and the resulting social and political responses.

#### 12:00 – 1:00 p.m. Lunch

#### 1:00 – 2:00 p.m. 4.5 Lecture The Nature Conservancy, the Corps, and ESWM

Introduction to The Nature Conservancy (TNC), explanation of TNC's interests in and work related to freshwater biodiversity conservation and sustainable water management, and summary of TNC's collaboration with the Corps in ecosystem restoration.

2:00 – 2:15 p.m. Break

#### 2:15 – 3:00 p.m. 4.6 Lecture Introduction to HEC-GeoEFM

GeoEFM is the spatial accessory for EFM. It helps users 1) manage spatial data, 2) compute habitat areas, and 3) assess habitat connectivity. This lecture introduces GeoEFM and details how it is applied in support of restoration projects.

#### 3:00 – 5:00 p.m. 4.7 Workshop Using HEC-GeoEFM

Spatial results from yesterday's RAS and GeoRAS workshop are used in GeoEFM to assess habitat areas and connectivity. Multiple flow regimes and relationships will be compared.

### <u>Friday, April 3</u>

8:00 – 9:15 a.m.	5.1 Lecture	Habitat Mapping with 2D River Hydraulics Output
	EFM can apply ecological criteria to 2D river hydraulics model output. This lecture details this feature and introduces the workshop.	
9:15 – 9:30 a.m.	Break	
9:30 – 11:00 a.m.	5.2 Workshop	Using EFM with 2D River Hydraulics Models
	Spatial output from a 2D river hydraulics model will be used in EFM to map hab for floodplain plant communities. Habitat will be visualized in GIS. An alternativ will be assessed.	
11:00 – 11:30 a.m.	Post-course Test and Critique	